

ISTITUTO DI SCIENZE MARINE Sede Territoriale (U.O.S.) di Bologna Via Gobetti, 101 40129 Bologna

CICLO DI SEMINARI

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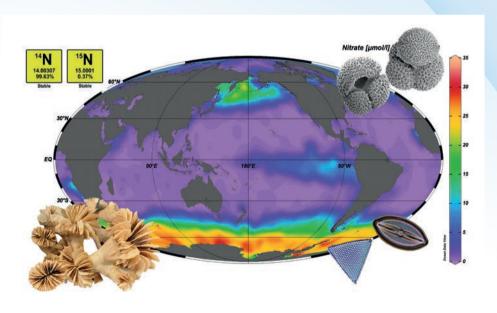
Sala riunioni terzo piano - ore 15:00 Via Gobetti 101, Bologna

Novel applications of fossil-bound $\delta 15N$, from the Cenozoic to the Anthropocene

Alfredo Martínez-García, Simone Moretti, Nicolas Duprey, Francois Fripiat

Max Planck Institute for Chemistry, Mainz, Germany

Nitrogen (N) isotope ratios (15N/14N, δ 15N) of the organic matter encased in the skeletal organic matrix of different fossil types such as foraminifera, diatoms and corals (i.e., fossil-bound δ 15N) are free of diagenetic effects and contamination by allochthonous N.



Therefore, they represent a robust tracer of past changes in the N cycle, including variations in the sources and sinks of marine N as well as its cycling within the ocean. Here, we present novel applications of this proxy with three case studies from different oceanic settings, fossil types and time scales: (I) the mechanisms driving atmospheric pCO2 changes during Pleistocene ice ages, (II) the development of the Antarctic Circumpolar Current and associated changes in ocean biogeochemical dynamics around the Eocene-Oligocene transition, (III) the Paleocene-Eocene Thermal Maximum and (IV) and the vast acceleration of the nitrogen cycle by human activities during the Anthropocene.